

# 2000 U.S. Census Data - Report 3

Vicariate: Delaware County Vicariate

Cluster:

**Cluster 61**

## 1. Detailed Age Breakdown for ALL People Living Within Cluster Boundaries

Church Trends	Generational/ Age Cohorts	Birth Year	Age	Population Count			
				Total	Male	Female	
Post-Vatican II <b>57,995</b> 51.6%	Millennial	2000	< 1	1,218	627	591	
		1999	1	1,286	656	630	
		1998	2	1,320	698	622	
		1997	3	1,236	596	640	
		1996	4	1,397	718	679	
		1995	5	1,328	658	670	
		1994	6	1,366	737	629	
		1993	7	1,392	723	669	
		1992	8	1,459	767	692	
		1991	9	1,484	749	735	
		1990	10	1,599	796	803	
		1989	11	1,487	724	763	
		1988	12	1,476	779	697	
		1987	13	1,476	716	760	
		1986	14	1,442	741	701	
		1985	15	1,459	771	688	
		1984	16	1,541	829	712	
		1983	17	1,437	729	708	
1982	18	2,255	1,062	1,193			
Vatican II <b>30,276</b> 26.9%	Gen. X	1981	19	3,009	1,414	1,595	
		1980	20	2,331	1,099	1,232	
		1979	21	1,747	801	946	
		1976-78	22-24	3,291	1,598	1,693	
		1971-75	25-29	5,196	2,552	2,644	
Vatican II <b>32,666</b> 29.0%	Boomer	1966-70	30-34	6,587	3,165	3,422	
		1961-65	35-39	8,176	3,913	4,263	
		1956-60	40-44	8,792	4,216	4,576	
		1951-55	45-49	8,400	4,085	4,315	
Pre-Vatican II <b>24,224</b> 21.5%	Post War	1946-50	50-54	7,298	3,494	3,804	
		1941-45	55-59	5,786	2,688	3,098	
		1939-40	60-61	1,942	921	1,021	
	G.I.	1936-38	62-64	2,712	1,273	1,439	
		1934-35	65-66	1,748	774	974	
		1931-33	67-69	2,738	1,254	1,484	
		1926-30	70-74	4,926	2,190	2,736	
G.I.	1921-25	75-79	4,383	1,808	2,575		
	1916-20	80-84	2,911	1,047	1,864		
		Bef. 1916	85+	2,864	763	2,101	
<b>112,495</b>	100%	<b>112,495</b>	100%	<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>112,495</b>	<b>53,131</b>	<b>59,364</b>

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; 2000 Census of Population and Housing, Summary File 1; (August 2001).

**Notes:**

- (a) Data are calculated by assigning each census block to a geography and aggregating all data for that geography.
- (b) Percentages may not total to 100% due to rounding.
- (c) Age reported as of April 1, 2000; Birth Year calculated by approximation.

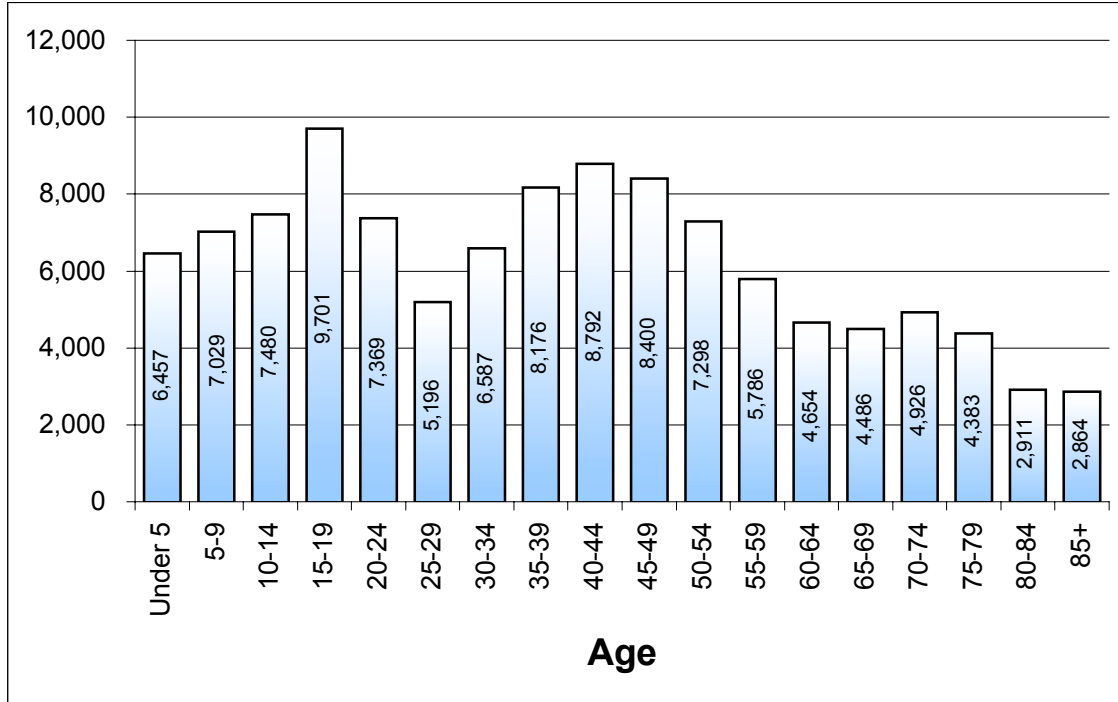
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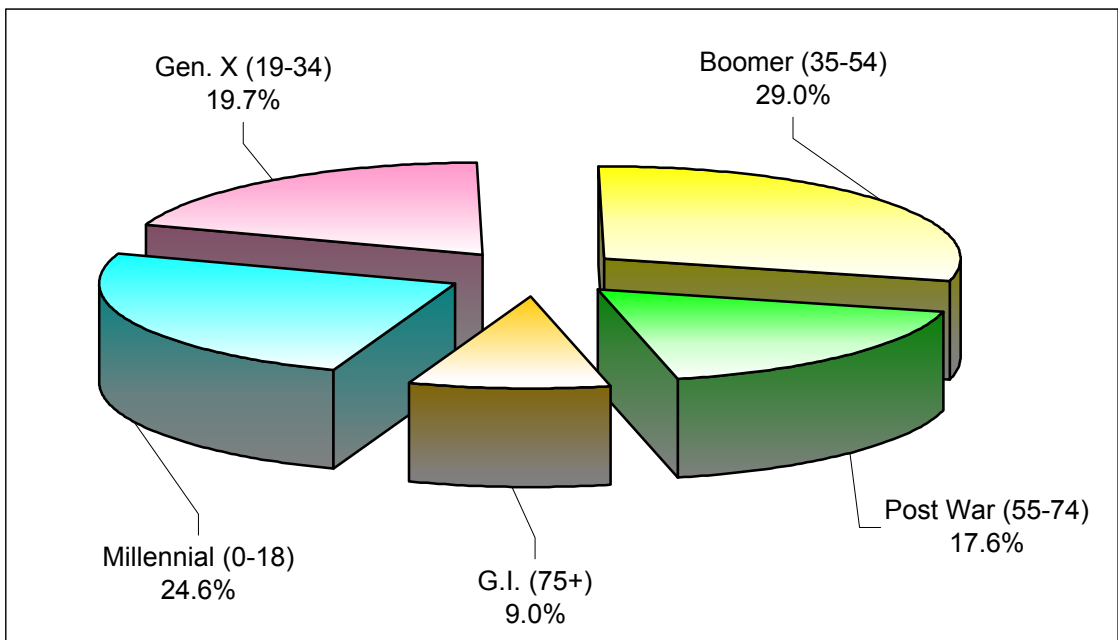
Cluster:

**Cluster 61**

## 2. Five-Year Age Categories for ALL People Living Within Cluster Boundaries



## 3. Generational Cohorts (Age) for ALL People Living Within Cluster Boundaries



# 2000 U.S. CENSUS DATA - REPORT 3

Pastoral leaders need to help people of every age and generation understand and appreciate the different gifts that each of them brings to the life of the parish. Age affects the way people think and act in two ways:

First, there is a **“life cycle experience”** of doing similar things at similar ages. We start out as children, we go to school, start working, leave home and frequently get married, have children, get older, retire, and die.

Second, there is a **“generational cohort effect”** which causes a group of people who have grown up (turned 18) around the same time to think and behave in ways that are different than their parents or their children.

Because of their ages, people differ not only in life cycle experience (some are buying houses and having babies while others are retiring and selling their houses), but also in the characteristics of their generation (some are attracted by institutions and are interested in preserving order; some are more interested in the individual and developing their own support networks).

This report describes the age of *all* the people living within the geographical territory, not just the Catholic people. It also associates the age of the people with their generation.

## Characteristics of Generational Cohorts in the U.S. in 2000

**G. I. Generation (age 75+)** - Born 1901-1925. Age 18 between 1919-1943.

*Heros*

Z Civic Values and Building	Z Institutions Over Individuals
Z Expanding Affluence	Z Conserving Values

This “building generation” survived the Depression and fought World War II. They then created many of the social and religious institutions of the 20<sup>th</sup> century.

**Post War Generation (age 55-74)** - Born 1926-1945. Age 18 between 1944-1963.

*Artisans*

Z Loyalty to Order and Establishment	Z Avoid Risk
Z Negotiators, Adaptive	Z Fine-tune change
Z Compromise	Z Preserve Values

Sometimes called the “Silent Generation” because they conformed to the world that their elder GI’s built.

Those born before 1940 can also be seen as the **“pre Vatican II Council” generations**. The Catholic people were frequently city dwellers who experienced many forms of anti Catholicism which they combated by forming into “Catholic ghetto(s) comprised of Catholic neighborhoods, schools, hospitals, newspapers and social groups . . . Pre Vatican II Catholics grew up with Latin Masses, novenas, Benedictions, priests facing the altar (not the people) and Gregorian chant.”

**Boomer Generation (age 35-54)** - Born 1946-1965. Age 18 between 1964 -1983.

*Prophets*

Z Focused on Individual Development	Z Individuals Over Institutions
Z Idealism	Z Liberal Values
Z Start Change & Break From Past	Z Risk Takers

This generation grew up in the turbulent 1960's and 1970's and rebelled against most things established by the GI generation.

Those born between 1941 and 1960 are also known as the “**Vatican II generation.**” They grew up in the pre Vatican II Church but, in their childhood through early adult years, the changes called for in Vatican II were implemented in their parishes just as the social movements of the 1960's plunged society into turmoil. This generation is most likely to have mixed feeling about authority (vs. making up their own mind) and institutional commitment (vs. personal spirituality).

**Generation X (age 19-34)** - Born 1966-1981. Age 18 between 1984 -1999. *Nomads*

Z	Emphasis on Autonomy	Z	Reactive, Pragmatic and Creative
Z	Sustaining Values	Z	Self-forming Networks

This generation grew up during a period of high divorce rates, relatively low value placed on children, and serious social problems. This pragmatic group is pessimistic and interested in issues of identity. They are less likely to make long term commitments.

**Millennial Generation (age 18 and younger)** - Born 1982-present. Age 18 between 2000 - ? .

Identified by some authors as the next “GI” type generation. They may be expected to be a confident, achievement oriented group, more interested in building community and institutions than the generations immediately before them.

Those born since 1961 can also be recognized as “**post Vatican II Council**” generations. They have always had Mass in the language of the people. Their religious education was more likely to be conducted by lay persons, not priests or sisters. They have been encouraged to take responsibility for their own faith journeys. They are least likely to depend on Church authority and most likely to think of their faith in personal, not institutional, terms.

Note: The dividing lines between generations are rough approximations. The divisions in this report have been selected to accommodate the Census data available and approximate generational groups identified by various authors.

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