

2000 U.S. Census Data - Report 3

Cluster: 74
Vicariate: Montgomery

FS#: 2135

Parish: **St. Joseph**

1. Detailed Age Breakdown for ALL People Living Within Parish Boundaries

Church Trends	Generational/ Age Cohorts	Birth Year	Age	Population Count			
				Total	Male	Female	
Post-Vatican II 4,679 50.3%	Millennial 2,541 27.3%	2000	< 1	96	47	49	
		1999	1	85	34	51	
		1998	2	102	52	50	
		1997	3	99	52	47	
		1996	4	109	56	53	
		1995	5	127	72	55	
		1994	6	137	66	71	
		1993	7	129	70	59	
		1992	8	124	53	71	
		1991	9	163	80	83	
		1990	10	147	77	70	
		1989	11	139	65	74	
		1988	12	175	89	86	
		1987	13	157	85	72	
		1986	14	164	83	81	
		1985	15	148	78	70	
		1984	16	148	68	80	
		1983	17	162	93	69	
1982	18	130	65	65			
Vatican II 2,851 30.7%	Gen. X 1,434 15.4%	1981	19	94	52	42	
		1980	20	98	53	45	
		1979	21	70	33	37	
		1976-78	22-24	239	117	122	
		1971-75	25-29	388	195	193	
		1966-70	30-34	545	252	293	
Vatican II 2,851 30.7%	Boomer 3,093 33.3%	1961-65	35-39	704	327	377	
		1956-60	40-44	867	375	492	
		1951-55	45-49	844	400	444	
		1946-50	50-54	678	317	361	
Pre-Vatican II 1,770 19.0%	Post War 1,459 15.7%	1941-45	55-59	462	231	231	
		1939-40	60-61	149	70	79	
		1936-38	62-64	189	83	106	
		1934-35	65-66	115	49	66	
	1931-33	67-69	219	96	123		
	1926-30	70-74	325	141	184		
	Pre-Vatican II 1,770 19.0%	G.I. 773 8.3%	1921-25	75-79	327	139	188
			1916-20	80-84	253	96	157
Bef. 1916			85+	193	70	123	
9,300			100%	9,300	100%	TOTALS	9,300

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; 2000 Census of Population and Housing, Summary File 1; (August 2001).

Notes:

- (a) Data are calculated by assigning each census block to a geography and aggregating all data for that geography.
- (b) Percentages may not total to 100% due to rounding.
- (c) Age reported as of April 1, 2000; Birth Year calculated by approximation.

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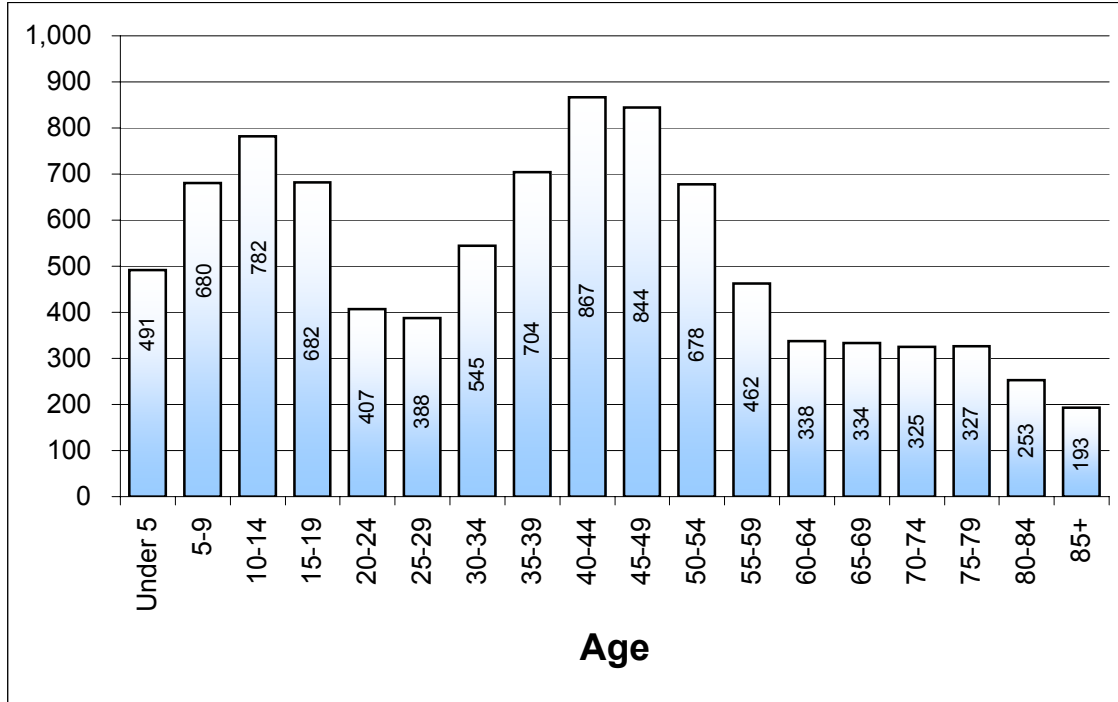
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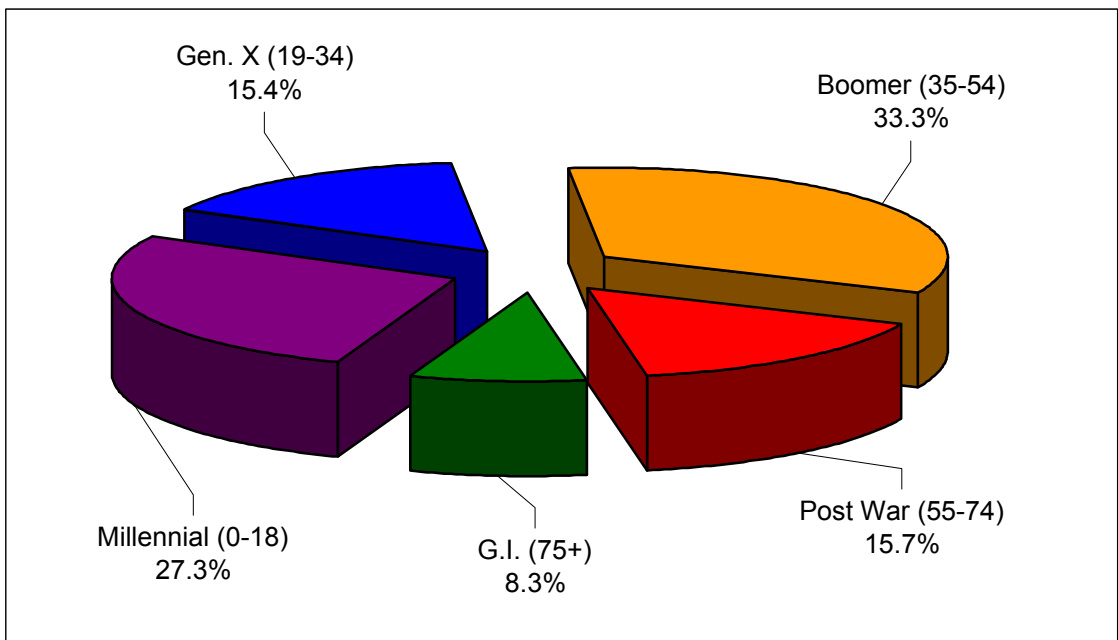
Parish:

St. Joseph

2. Five-Year Age Categories for ALL People Living Within Parish Boundaries



3. Generational Cohorts (Age) for ALL People Living Within Parish Boundaries



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Pastoral leaders need to help people of every age and generation understand and appreciate the different gifts that each of them brings to the life of the parish. Age affects the way people think and act in two ways:

First, there is a **“life cycle experience”** of doing similar things at similar ages. We start out as children, we go to school, start working, leave home and frequently get married, have children, get older, retire, and die.

Second, there is a **“generational cohort effect”** which causes a group of people who have grown up (turned 18) around the same time to think and behave in ways that are different than their parents or their children.

Because of their ages, people differ not only in life cycle experience (some are buying houses and having babies while others are retiring and selling their houses), but also in the characteristics of their generation (some are attracted by institutions and are interested in preserving order; some are more interested in the individual and developing their own support networks).

This report describes the age of *all* the people living within the geographical territory, not just the Catholic people. It also associates the age of the people with their generation.

Characteristics of Generational Cohorts in the U.S. in 2000

G. I. Generation (age 75+) - Born 1901-1925. Age 18 between 1919-1943. *Heros*

- | | |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⌘ Civic Values and Building ⌘ Expanding Affluence | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⌘ Institutions Over Individuals ⌘ Conserving Values |
|--|--|

This “building generation” survived the Depression and fought World War II. They then created many of the social and religious institutions of the 20th century.

Post War Generation (age 55-74) - Born 1926-1945. Age 18 between 1944-1963. *Artisans*

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⌘ Loyalty to Order and Establishment ⌘ Negotiators, Adaptive ⌘ Compromise | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⌘ Avoid Risk ⌘ Fine-tune change ⌘ Preserve Values |
|---|---|

Sometimes called the “Silent Generation” because they conformed to the world that their elder GI’s built.

Those born before 1940 can also be seen as the **“pre Vatican II Council” generations**. The Catholic people were frequently city dwellers who experienced many forms of anti Catholicism which they combated by forming into “Catholic ghetto(s) comprised of Catholic neighborhoods, schools, hospitals, newspapers and social groups . . . Pre Vatican II Catholics grew up with Latin Masses, novenas, Benedictions, priests facing the altar (not the people) and Gregorian chant.”

Boomer Generation (age 35-54) - Born 1946-1965. Age 18 between 1964 -1983. *Prophets*

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⌘ Focused on Individual Development ⌘ Idealism ⌘ Start Change & Break From Past | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⌘ Individuals Over Institutions ⌘ Liberal Values ⌘ Risk Takers |
|---|--|

This generation grew up in the turbulent 1960's and 1970's and rebelled against most things established by the GI generation.

Those born between 1941 and 1960 are also known as the “**Vatican II generation.**” They grew up in the pre Vatican II Church but, in their childhood through early adult years, the changes called for in Vatican II were implemented in their parishes just as the social movements of the 1960's plunged society into turmoil. This generation is most likely to have mixed feeling about authority (vs. making up their own mind) and institutional commitment (vs. personal spirituality).

Generation X (age 19-34) - Born 1966-1981. Age 18 between 1984 -1999. *Nomads*

Z	Emphasis on Autonomy	Z	Reactive, Pragmatic and Creative
Z	Sustaining Values	Z	Self-forming Networks

This generation grew up during a period of high divorce rates, relatively low value placed on children, and serious social problems. This pragmatic group is pessimistic and interested in issues of identity. They are less likely to make long term commitments.

Millennial Generation (age 18 and younger) - Born 1982-present. Age 18 between 2000 - ? .

Identified by some authors as the next “GI” type generation. They may be expected to be a confident, achievement oriented group, more interested in building community and institutions than the generations immediately before them.

Those born since 1961 can also be recognized as “**post Vatican II Council**” generations. They have always had Mass in the language of the people. Their religious education was more likely to be conducted by lay persons, not priests or sisters. They have been encouraged to take responsibility for their own faith journeys. They are least likely to depend on Church authority and most likely to think of their faith in personal, not institutional, terms.

Note: The dividing lines between generations are rough approximations. The divisions in this report have been selected to accommodate the Census data available and approximate generational groups identified by various authors.

References:

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D’Antonio, William V. , James D. Davidson, Dean R. Hoge and Katherine Meyer. **American Catholics: Gender, Generation and Commitment** (Walnut Creek: Alta Mira Press), 2001.

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